



Curriculum Of Networking

OPERATION OF IP DATA NETWORKS

- Recognize the purpose and functions of various network devices such as routers, switches, bridges and hubs
- Select the components required to meet a given network specification
- Identify common applications and their impact on the network
- Describe the purpose and basic operation of the protocols in the OSI and TCP/IP models
- Predict the data flow between two hosts across a network
- Identify the appropriate media, cables, ports, and connectors to connect Cisco network devices to other network devices and hosts in a LAN

LAN SWITCHING TECHNOLOGIES

- Determine the technology and media access control method for Ethernet networks
- Identify basic switching concepts and the operation of Cisco switches
 - ❖ Collision Domains
 - ❖ Broadcast Domains
 - ❖ Ways to switch
 - Store
 - Forward
 - Cut through
 - ❖ CAM Table
- Configure and verify initial switch configuration including remote access management
 - ❖ hostname
 - ❖ mgmt ip address
 - ❖ ip default-gateway
 - ❖ local user and password
 - ❖ enable secret password
 - ❖ console and VTY logins
 - ❖ exec-timeout
 - ❖ service password encryption
 - ❖ copy run start
- Verify network status and switch operation using basic utilities such as
 - ❖ ping
 - ❖ telnet
 - ❖ SSH
- Describe how VLANs create logically separate networks and the need for routing between them
 - ❖ Explain network segmentation and basic traffic management concepts
- Configure and verify VLANs



Curriculum Of Networking

- Configure and verify trunking on Cisco switches
 - ❖ dtp (topic)
 - ❖ auto-negotiation
- Identify enhanced switching technologies
 - ❖ RSTP
 - ❖ PVSTP
 - ❖ Etherchannels
- Configure and verify PVSTP operation
 - ❖ Describe root bridge election
 - ❖ Spanning tree mode

IP ADDRESSING (IPv4/IPv6)

- Describe the operation and necessity of using private and public IP addresses for IPv4 addressing
- Identify the appropriate IPv6 addressing scheme to satisfy addressing requirement in a LAN/WAN environment
- Identify the appropriate IPv4 addressing scheme using VLSM and summarization to satisfy addressing requirements in a LAN/WAN environment
- Describe the technological requirements for running IPv6 in conjunction with IPv4
 - ❖ dual stack
- Describe IPv6 addresses
 - ❖ global unicast
 - ❖ multicast
 - ❖ link local
 - ❖ unique local
 - ❖ eui 64
 - ❖ auto-configuration

IP ROUTING TECHNOLOGIES

- Describe basic routing concepts
 - ❖ packet forwarding
 - ❖ router lookup process
 - ❖ Process Switching/Fast Switching/CEF
- Configure and verify utilizing the CLI to set basic Router configuration
- hostname
- local user and password
- enable secret password
- console & VTY logins



Curriculum Of Networking

- exec-timeout
- service password encryption
- interface IP Address
 - ❖ loopback
- banner
- motd
- copy run start
- Configure and verify operation status of a device interface
 - ❖ Serial
 - ❖ Ethernet
- Verify router configuration and network connectivity using
 - ❖ ping
 - extended
- traceroute
- telnet
- SSH
- sh cdp neighbors
- Configure and verify routing configuration for a static or default route given specific routing requirements
- Differentiate methods of routing and routing protocols
 - ❖ Static vs. dynamic
 - ❖ Link state vs. distance vector
 - ❖ next hop
 - ❖ ip routing table
 - ❖ Passive Interfaces (how they work)
 - ❖ Admin distance
 - ❖ split horizon
 - ❖ metric
- Configure and verify OSPF
 - ❖ Benefit of single area
 - ❖ Configure OSPv2
 - ❖ Configure OSPv3
 - ❖ Router ID
 - ❖ Passive Interface
 - ❖ Discuss multi-area OSPF
 - ❖ Understand LSA types and purpose
- Configure and verify interVLAN routing (Router on a stick)
 - ❖ sub interfaces



Curriculum Of Networking

- ❖ upstream routing
- ❖ encapsulation
- Configure SVI interfaces
- Manage Cisco IOS Files
 - ❖ Boot Preferences
 - ❖ Cisco IOS Images (15)
 - ❖ Licensing
 - Show license
 - Change license
- Describe the types, features, and applications of ACLs
 - ❖ standard (editing and sequence numbers)
 - ❖ extended
 - ❖ named
 - ❖ numbered
 - ❖ Log option
- Configure and verify ACLs in a network environment
 - ❖ named, numbered, Log option
- Identify the basic operation of NAT
 - ❖ purpose
 - ❖ pool
 - ❖ static
 - ❖ 1 to 1
 - ❖ overloading
 - ❖ source addressing
 - ❖ one way NAT
- Configure and verify NAT for given network requirements
- Configure and verify NTP as a client
- Recognize High availability (FHRP)
 - ❖ VRRP
 - ❖ HSRP
 - ❖ GLBP
- Configure and verify syslog
 - ❖ Utilize syslog output
- Describe SNMP v2 and v3.

NETWORK DEVICE SECURITY

- Configure and verify network device security Features
 - ❖ Device password security
 - ❖ Enable secret vs. enable



Curriculum Of Networking

- ❖ Transport
 - disable telnet
 - SSH
- ❖ VTYS
- ❖ physical security
- ❖ service password
- ❖ Describe external authentication methods
- Configure and verify Switch Port Security
- Sticky MAC
- MAC address limitation
- static/dynamic
- violation modes
 - ❖ err disable
 - ❖ shutdown
 - ❖ protect restrict
- Shutdown unused ports
- err disable recovery
- Assign unused ports in unused VLANs
- Putting Native VLAN to other than VLAN 1
- Configure and verify ACLs to filter network traffic
- Configure and verify ACLs to limit telnet and SSH access to the router
- Automation and Programmability
- Explain how automation impacts network management
- Compare traditional networks with controller-based networking
- Describe controller-based and software defined architectures (overlay, underlay & fabric)
 - ❖ Separation of control plane and data plane
 - ❖ North-bound and south-bound APIs
- Compare traditional campus device management with Cisco DNA Center enabled device management
- Describe characteristics of REST-based APIs (CRUD, HTTP verbs, and data encoding)
- Recognize the capabilities of configuration management mechanisms Puppet, Chef, and Ansible
- Interpret JSON encoded data